



Advancing community health worldwide.

One Health & Well-Being: Toward Human –Nature Sustainability

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30 January 2020

CORE Group One Health Webinar Series



One Health & Well-Being: Toward Human –Nature Sustainability

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International *One Health for One Planet* Initiative
(1 HOPE)
One Health Commission & One Health Initiative
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One Health & Well-Being: Toward Human –Nature Sustainability

Webinar Main Aims

Challenges facing the planet and all species

Approaches for mitigating risks

Ways of striving toward global sustainability and well-being.

ONE HEALTH & WELL-BEING: TOWARDS HUMAN-NATURE SUSTAINABILITY

Putting things in perspective

Existential challenges



Global responses



New mindset!

Main hurdles



Possible ways forward

Queries



Putting things in perspective

Putting things in perspective

Earth Evolution¹



13.7 billion years ago (YA): matter, energy, time, space

13.2 billion YA: atoms and molecules

3.8 billion YA: organisms

2.0 billion YA: unique symbiosis: archaea (eukaryotic cell) +
bacterium +energy = rise to complex life

c. 2.5 MYA: animals like humans but just another species

c. 200,000 YA modern *Homo sapiens* – African continent



Revolutions Shaping the Course of History

C. 70, 000 YA : Cognitive Revolution

c.12,000 YA: Agricultural Revolution

c.500 YA: Scientific Revolution

c. 80 YA: first antibiotic (1935!)

c. 30 YA: Information Revolution – internet-social media-robotics...?

Present

Global Sustainability Revolution?
(Saving the World from itself?)

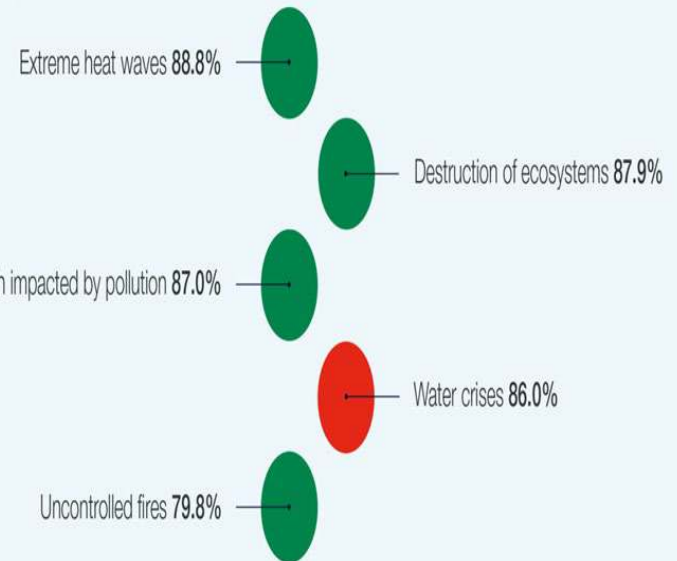
WEF 2020- Main Global Risks²



Short-Term Risk Outlook

Percentage of respondents expecting risks to increase in 2020

Global Shapers



Source: WEF survey

● Economic ● Environmental ● Geopolitical ● Societal ● Technological

Global Risks Report 2020

Note: The Global Shapers Community is the World Economic Forum's network of young people driving dialogue, action and change.

CO₂ = We emit c 34 gigatons of CO₂ a year – roughly 50% remains in atmosphere for thousands of years – rest absorbed by oceans or by land (terrestrial carbon sink (TCS))

Paris Climate Accord 195 Nations – Dec 2015⁴



Intergovernmental Planet on Climate Change (IPCC)

UN 2018 Report (5) – 133 authors , 40 countries, 6000 papers

1.5°C vs 2°C

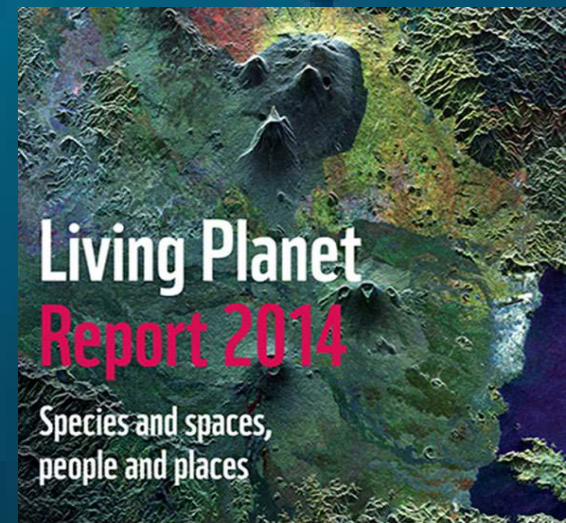
**Global carbon dioxide emissions
–halve within 12 years –now 10?**

“to avoid catastrophe”

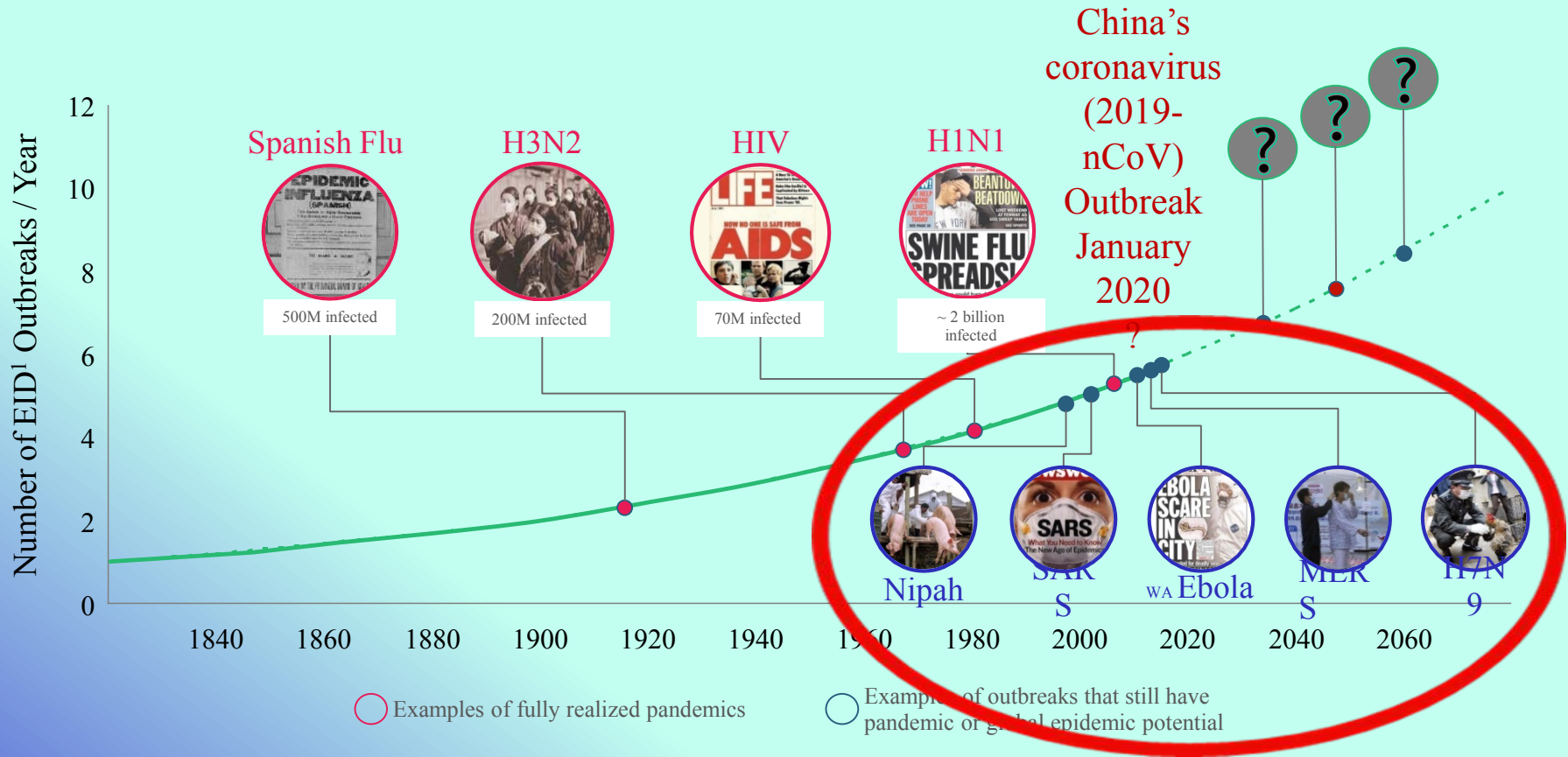
“in less than two human generations, population sizes of vertebrate species have dropped by half.

These are the living forms that constitute the fabric of the ecosystems which sustain life on earth and the barometer of what we are doing to our planet, our only home.”⁶

Marco Lambertini,
Executive Director, WWF
2014



The threat of viral outbreaks will grow rapidly ⁷



1. EID: emerging infectious disease; only diseases with zoonotic emergence are included; Reference for graph: Allen et al. (2017) Nature Communications

“Core public-health systems have been underfunded because powerful healthcare stakeholders tend to dominate policymaking and budget decisions.”

Olga Jonas



“Humanity does not have the universal coverage by core veterinary and human public-health systems that it needs to protect itself and its livestock from permanent microbial threats.”⁸

“Most economic losses (c.60%) to an outbreak are due to avoidance behaviour.”

Illness – 28 %
Mortality/medical-12%

Core Public-Health Systems

Very high **economic and health returns:**

- Annual economic benefits: c.US\$**80 billion**
- Investment: c.US\$ **3.4 billion**

Benefit Cost Ratio of 24 : 1

Preventing noncommunicable diseases

- Annual economic benefits: c.US\$**\$25 billion**
- Investment (prevention!): c.US\$**8 billion**

Global Net gain=US\$ c. 90.4 bill

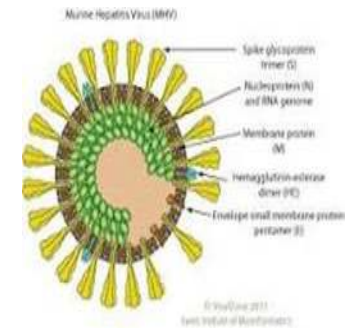
Total Global budget 2017

US\$117 trillion!

(The World spends c.US\$ 17 trillion on war and 6 US\$ billion on peace¹)



Coronavirus





FEEDING THE FUTURE

% Change in Consumption of Animal Products: 2000 - 2030

Global Food Security in an Urbanizing World

By 2050, **2/3** of the world's population will live in urban areas.



In the next 20 years,



of the world's population growth will occur in developing nations.

80%



of food for cities comes from domestic sources in rural areas.

The poorest households in the developing world spend

60-80%



of their incomes on food.



THE CHICAGO COUNCIL
ON GLOBAL AFFAIRS

@GlobalAgDev | #GlobalAg
thechicagocouncil.org/globalag



Despite the evidence, what is the main reason for general global apathy about the need for societal change regarding the sustainability of the planet and all species?

1. Lack of political will?
2. Vested interests?
3. Lack of clear understanding of the need for change at the local level?
4. Complexity of the issues?
5. Information overload?
6. Other? _____

Global Responses



**AIM- TO END POVERTY,
PROTECT THE PLANET
AND ENSURE THAT ALL
PEOPLE ENJOY PEACE
AND PROSPERITY BY
2030.¹⁰**



- **adopted by 193 UN Member States on 25 September 2015**
- **17 SDGs, 169 targets, 225 indicators**
- **Slow uptake-even reversing**

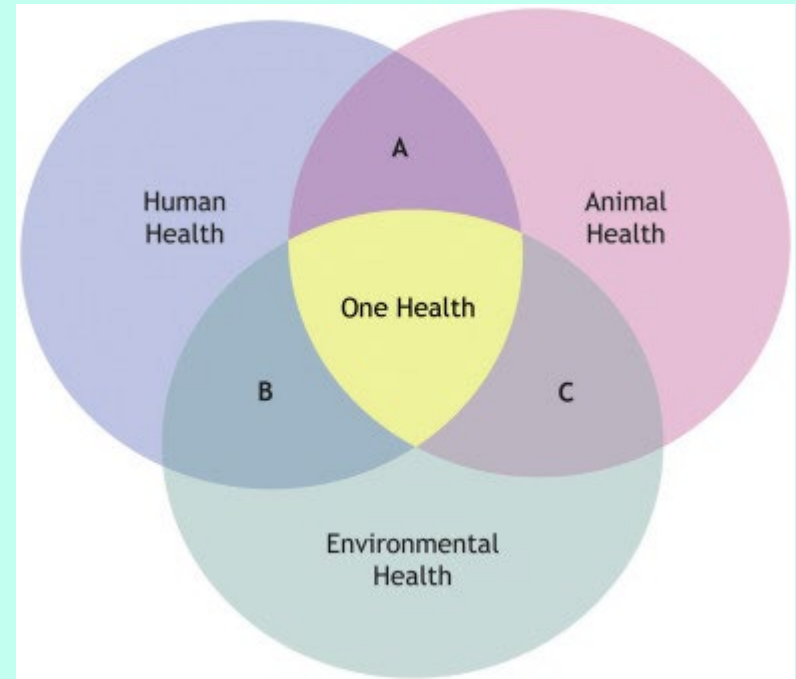
Missing Link?

UN-2030 Sustainable Development Goals

Need for a *unifying common cause or purpose*
to which people can readily relate!¹

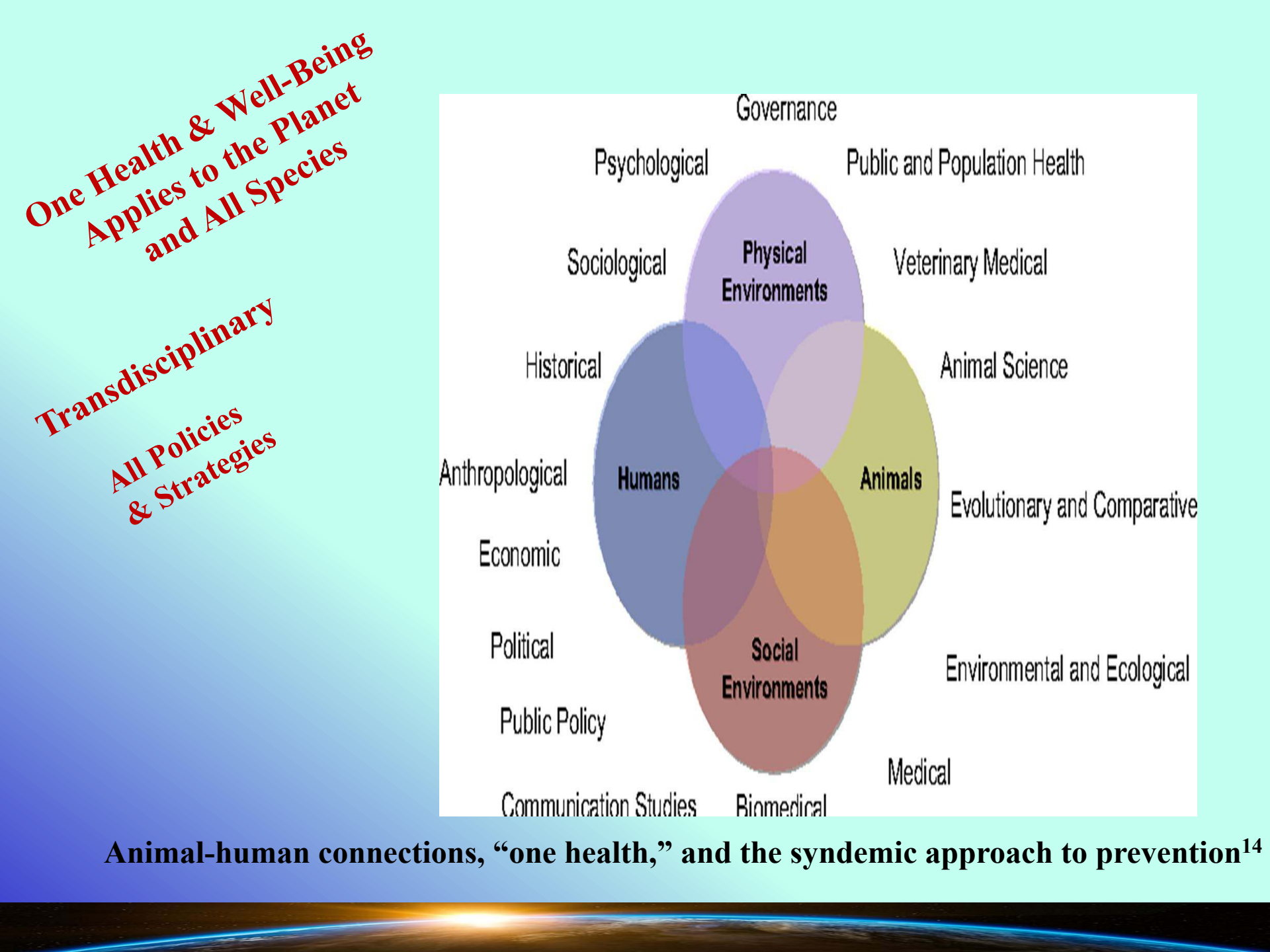
One Health & Well-Being

– a collaborative approach
to achieve optimal health and
well-being of all animals,
people, plants and their shared
environment.^{11 12}



One Health is at the intersection of human health, animal health, and environmental health.¹³





Animal-human connections, “one health,” and the syndemic approach to prevention¹⁴

Linking One Health and Well-Being to the 17 UN -2030 Sustainable Development Goals



Adapted from Waage, J and Yap, C. (eds.) *Thinking Beyond Sectors for Sustainable Development*. London: Ubiquity Press.



What can be done to raise awareness of the critical importance of the UN-2030 SDGs at global, national and local levels (!)?

1. Global message that is credible and clear regarding the planet's future prospects and our individual responsibilities?
2. Social media campaigns across communities?
3. Education programs – formal and non-formal?
4. Community information sessions?
5. Other_____ ?

Toward a New Mindset



Main Challenges?



An iceberg floating in a blue ocean under a blue sky. The tip of the iceberg is above the water, while the much larger base is submerged. A red arrow points from the submerged part to the right, towards the text. At the bottom of the image, the horizon of the Earth is visible with a bright sun or moon creating a lens flare effect.

Biggest Hurdle?¹

From seeing the
the world as a place
made especially for humans
and a place without limits-
our task is to subdue
and exploit the earth

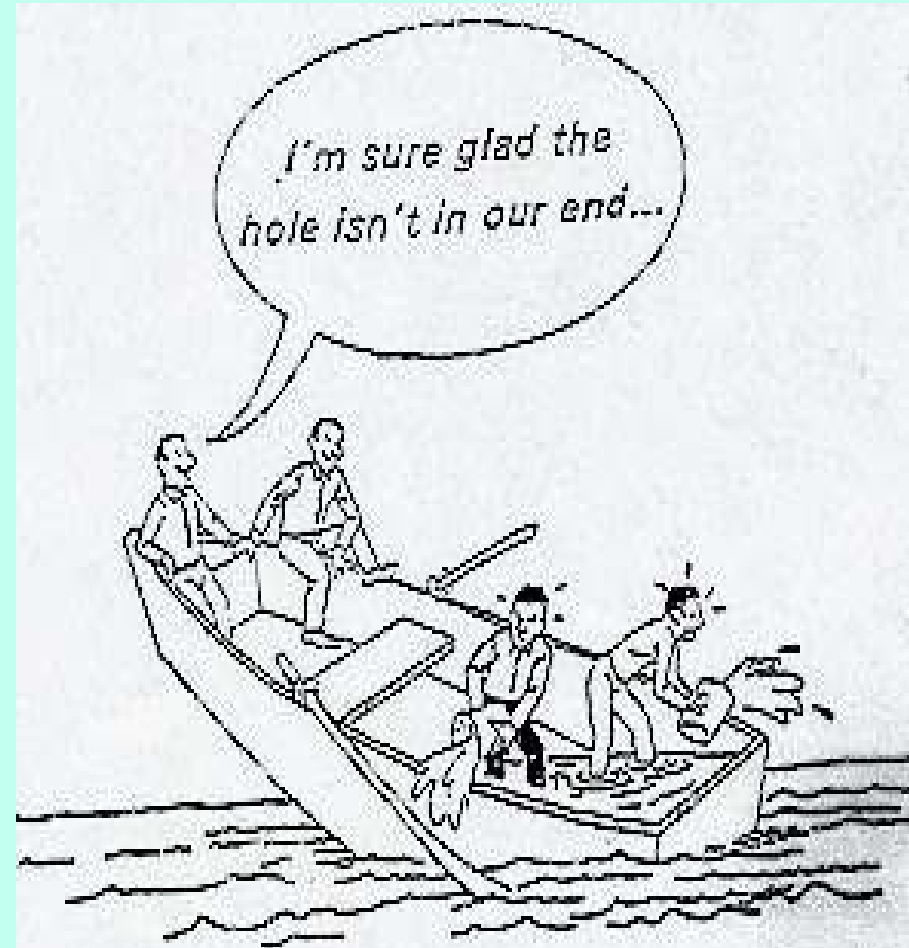


To adopting
a new paradigm
– a new worldview *that is*
compatible with our needs as
human beings
but also an outer world
that is compatible
with the needs
of our ecosystem.

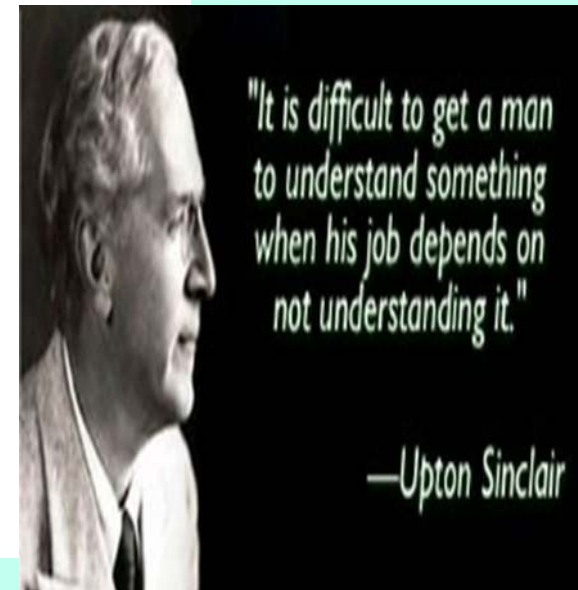
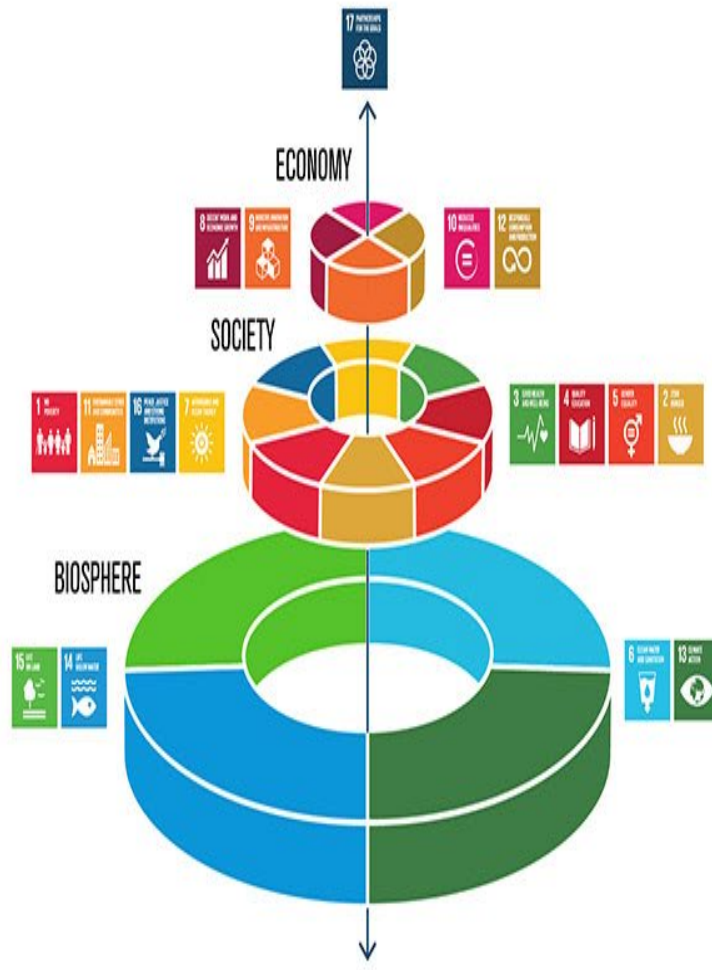
**“For a start, we need
to accept that business
and finance are the
servants of our
civilization, not its
masters.” (14)**

Edward Lucas

(former senior editor at *The Economist*)



Economy serving society





*"I don't want you to listen to me.
I want you to listen to the scientists." (16)*



How can we make the sustainability and well-being of the environment our top priority in this decade?

1. National policies and strategies based on the SDGs?
2. Local priorities based on national strategies?
3. Funding projects that can make a difference?
4. Holding decision-makers to account?
5. Other? _____

Top Priorities?(1)

**Engage local
communities –
find common
ground!**

**Evolve policies
and practices
that will sustain
the planet and
its people...**

- **lifelong learning**
- **multi-sectoral collaboration**
- **respecting ‘community of life’**
- **prevention**
- **commitment**
- **compassion**
- **future consciousness**
- **accountability – to people and to nature...**



INTERNATIONAL ONE HEALTH FOR ONE PLANET EDUCATION INITIATIVE (1 HOPE)¹⁶



VISION A world where people of all ages embrace a *One Health & Well-Being (OHWB) approach* recognising the interdependencies among humans, animals, plants and their shared environment.

AIM Build global capacity for promoting and valuing the OHWB concept and approach as the foundation for achieving the *UN-2030 Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)*.

CONTRIBUTORS Individuals/organisations from education and community groups invited from global regions .

MOTIVATION Striving to create a “more just, sustainable and peaceful world” (*UN-2030 Global Goals*): adopting the OHWB concept and educating the next generation of global citizens about the fragile and interconnected nature of the health and well-being of *all* living organisms at this time of unparalleled planetary change.

WORKING GROUPS Drawn from and targeting Primary/Secondary/Tertiary education sectors and Community/Civil Society, Corporate and Government (intergovernmental/non-governmental) organisations.

COMMON 1 HOPE QUEST To foster learning about the OHWB approach and the SDGs at all levels of formal and non-formal education and to raise awareness of the long-term value of OHWB and SDG strategies in all sectors of our global community.

FOCUS Explore possibilities (local, country, regional, global) and **develop draft project proposals** (e.g., curricula, resources, conferences, policy) *by mid 2020* – seeking funding from national/regional/global organisations to accomplish *1HOPE* stated aims.

Planning Team Members (reverse side)

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION, PLEASE CONTACT:

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Planning Team Members*

One Health Commission (OHC) <https://www.onehealthcommission.org/>

One Health Initiative (OHI) <http://www.onehealthinitiative.com/>

Earth Charter International (ECI) <https://earthcharter.org>

World Assembly of Youth (WAY) <http://way.org.my/>

Wildlife Conservation Society (WCS) <https://www.wcs.org/about-us>

InterAction Council (IAC) <https://www.interactioncouncil.org/>

Chatham House (CH) <https://www.chathamhouse.org/>

Center for Wildlife (CW) <https://www.thecenterforwildlife.org/>

University of Melbourne (UM) <https://www.unimelb.edu.au/>

University of Pretoria (UP) <https://www.up.ac.za>

International One Health Student Alliance (IOHSA) <https://isohaonehealth.wordpress.com/>

Royal Veterinary College (RVC) <https://www.rvc.ac.uk/>

London International Development Centre (LIDC) <https://lidc.ac.uk/>

Fontbonne University (FU) <https://www.fontbonne.edu/>

Boehringer Ingelheim (BI) <https://www.boehringer-ingelheim.at/en>

World Veterinary Association (WVA) <http://www.worldvet.org/>

Southeast Asia One Health University Network (SEAOHUN) <https://www.seaohun.org/>

London School of Hygiene and Tropical Medicine (LSHTM) <https://www.lshtm.ac.uk/>

Wildlife Disease Association (WDA) <https://www.wildlifedisease.org>

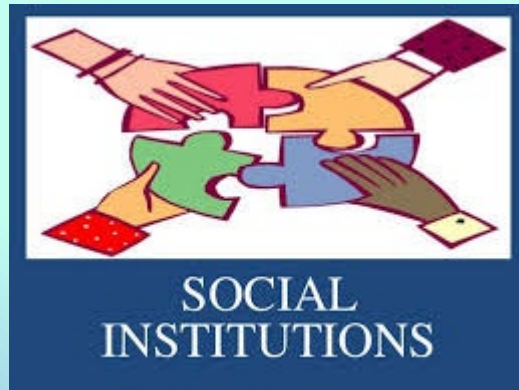
International Veterinary Students' Association (IVSA) <http://www.ivsa.org/>

One Health Central and Eastern Africa (OHCEA) <https://ohcea.org/>

World Association of Veterinary Laboratory Diagnosticians (WAVLD) <https://www.wavld.org/>

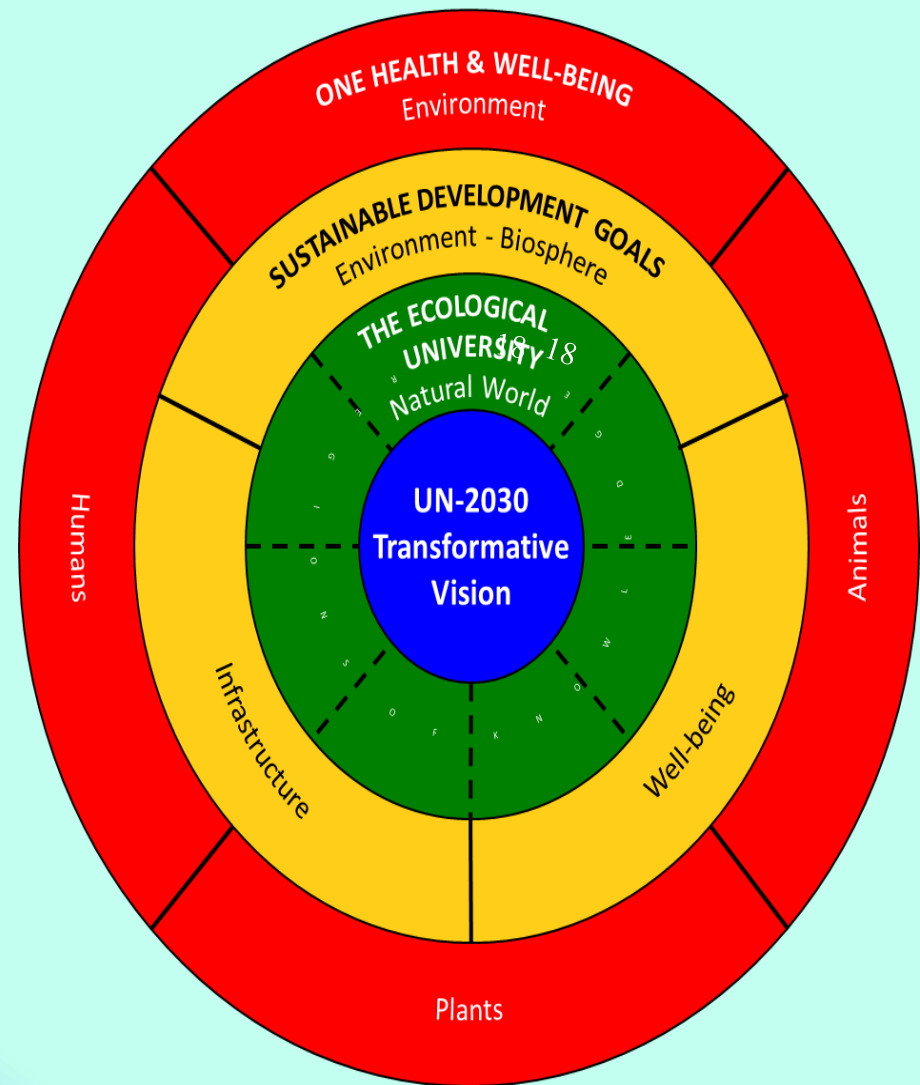
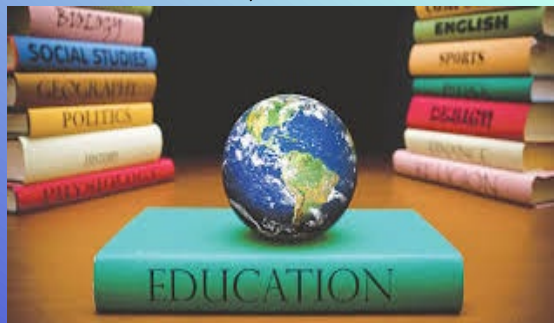
*Others to be added as developments evolve

One Health & Well-Being



Family
Economics

Religion
State



Proposed Building Blocks for the UN-2030 Transformative Vision¹⁹
Creating a "more just, sustainable and peaceful world"
 (UN-2030 Global Goals)

Food for thought?

How can society become more engaged
with the realities that face us and ways forward -
given what we know?



Begin with dialogue on the
*Ten Propositions for Global
Sustainability*
?

Ten Propositions for Global Sustainability (1)



What if?

- 1 All 193 NATIONS OF THE WORLD collectively embrace aspirations set out in the UN declaration, 'Transforming our World: 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development', in word and concrete enabling actions?
- 2 GLOBAL GUIDELINES were evolved and agreed to ensure technology is used "only" for peaceful purposes and in support of the health and well-being of all species and the planet?
- 3 DECISION-MAKERS treated migration as a historical, complex, global human reality that we need to manage collaboratively, compassionately and responsibly with an emphasis on mitigating root causes (socio-political, economic, environmental) while enacting integrated, preventative life-sustaining measures?
- 4 GOVERNMENT, BUSINESS AND CIVIL SOCIETY collaborated at all levels and adopted a new paradigm – a new world view – to ensure our needs as human beings are compatible with the needs of our outer world – our ecosystem?
- 5 HUMAN VALUES AND MODERN LIFESTYLES – especially national vested interests and overconsumption (energy, water, raw materials ...) – were recognised globally as the leading causes of environmental degradation, eventual loss of resource bases threatening the sanctity and sustainability of all life?
- 6 NATURE was acknowledged as a major source of human thought processes and feeling – inspiration and creative learning as well as being a main factor in personal growth and development, thereby contributing to each individual's quality of life, realisation of dreams and aspirations?
- 7 THE UNIFYING ONE HEALTH AND WELL-BEING CONCEPT became the cornerstone of our education systems and societal institutions, thereby helping to create a 'more just, sustainable and peaceful world' (UN-2030 Global Goals (SDGs))?
- 8 HUMANITY'S FUNDAMENTAL ROLE as frontline custodians of the planet was recognised and adopted globally, thereby ensuring the true regenerative power of our societies and fostering compassion, trust and goodwill?
- 9 THE UNITED NATIONS GENERAL ASSEMBLY (UNGA), guided by the human experience over millennia alongside global wisdom, and in a spirit of compassion, kindness, harmony and moral authority, agreed to prioritise and actively promote the values of equality, democracy, tolerance and respect to bridge divisions between people and bind nations together?
- 10 ALL MEMBERS OF THE UNITED NATIONS SECURITY COUNCIL were held globally accountable for their role in maintaining world peace and security – based on a genuine commitment to shared people and planet values while giving a permanent voice to regions with the fastest population growth and social and economic disparities (e.g., Africa, India, Middle East, SE Asia – i.e., close to 6 billion people vs about 2 billion by 2030)?



CHAPTER 13

THE PROMISE OF

GENERATION Z

Pragmatic
connected
global

educated
social
visual

The "Fixers"!!

Personal journal toward One Health & Well-Being



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Thank you!

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Queries